

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
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Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Mr. C. A. Tolson

DATE: July 30, 1958

FROM : Mr. A. H. Belmont *ABM 4-13-54*SUBJECT: ^① CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY
PROPOSED CHANGE IN MANUAL
OF INSTRUCTIONS
bm

Tolson	_____
Boardman	_____
Belmont	_____
Mohr	_____
Nease	_____
Parsons	_____
Rosen	_____
Tamm	_____
Trotter	_____
Clayton	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Holloman	_____
Gandy	_____

At the present time, Section 102-D, Paragraph 1, Volume 4, Page 23, Manual of Instructions sets forth a brief description of the Central Intelligence Agency's (CIA) jurisdiction and activities in the United States. It is believed that this particular section should be revised to present a broader description of CIA's responsibilities and to more specifically pinpoint the authorized limits of CIA's activities in this country. The suggested revision does not constitute a policy change. The proposed revision will not necessitate any change in the FBI Handbook.

ACTION:

Enclosed, for your approval, is a proposed revision of Section 102-D, Paragraph 1, Volume 4, Page 23, Manual of Instructions.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED

HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 7/10/92 BY SP2ALM/jlp

#368672

Enclosure

SJP:bjt/pws/pof
(10)

- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Tamm
- 1 - Mr. Branigan
- 1 - Mr. Donahoe
- 1 - Mr. Bland
- 1 - Mr. Baumgardner
- 1 - Mr. W. C. Sullivan
- 1 - Liaison Section
- 1 - Mr. Papich

REC-34

ENCLOSURE

EX-135 63 AUG 20 1958
1 encl. detached and filed
With copy

EX-135 REC-34

Manual of Instructions Revised
b10 fmb

62-80750-3181

15 AUG 15 1958

Autostated
UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN 66-1934-

2-fmb

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Mr. A. H. Belmont

DATE: August 8, 1958

FROM : Mr. R. R. Roach

SUBJECT: CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY (CIA)

Tolson _____
Boardman _____
Belmont _____
Mohr _____
Nease _____
Parsons _____
Rosen _____
Tamm _____
Trotter _____
Clayton _____
Tele. Room _____
Holloman _____
Gandy _____

By memorandum dated July 31, 1958, I reported that according to CIA officials, Dulles had not been treated roughly by Congressional committees who questioned him concerning CIA's coverage of the Middle East situation.

On August 6, 1958, Dulles told Agent Papich that the committees asked him many pointed questions but he was treated courteously. He then commented that he was more concerned about the false charges of one man than he was with the questions thrown at him by Congress. He made reference to [redacted] the operator of a private intelligence service, who has been highly critical of CIA. [redacted] recently disseminated issues of a periodical to various individuals and particularly to members of Congress.

[redacted] is a former Office of Strategic Services (OSS) officer who has been operating a small, so-called intelligence service. He claims to be an expert on numerous matters and has openly stated that he possessed certain highly important information which had been ignored by the Government. [redacted] has the reputation of being unreliable.

ACTION:

None. For your information.

SJP:bjt

(5)

1 - Mr. Nease

1 - Mr. Belmont

1 - Liaison Section

1 - Mr. Papich

AUG 13 1958

62-80750

NOT RECORDED

169 AUG 14 1958

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 7/10/98 BY SP2ALM/WB
#367692

66 AUG 19 1958

ED-102116
REC'D DEPT. OF JUSTICE

ED-102116
REC'D DEPT. OF JUSTICE

ORIGINAL FILED IN 62-98942-10

DECODED COPY

Tolson _____
 Nichols _____
 Boardman _____
 Belmont ☒ _____
 Mohr _____
 Parsons _____
 Rosen _____
 Tamm _____
 Trotter _____
 Nease _____
 Tele. Room _____
 Holloman _____
 Gandy _____

W. C. Sullivan

☒ Airgram☐ Cablegram

CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY

DECODE OF CODED MESSAGE NUMBER 925 DATED AUGUST 14, 1958 AT
 MEXICO CITY, MEXICO. RECEIVED VIA AIRGRAM.

RELATIONS WITH CIA. [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] IN NEAR FUTURE AND HAS
 ASKED ME TO BE AVAILABLE TO [REDACTED] AFTERNOON OF
 AUGUST 27 NEXT. UACB I WILL MAKE MYSELF AVAILABLE. SHOULD
 BUREAU HAVE INFORMATION AS TO WHAT TOPICS [REDACTED]
 MIGHT TAKE UP WITH ME, SUGGEST APPROPRIATE ORIENTATION BE
 FURNISHED.

JOHN N. SPEAKES

RECEIVED:

8-18-58

11:48 AM

MAP

*no reply - no
 necessary - in
 addition
 to that furnished
 Legal Attache in Belal
 8/11/58*

REC-34

62-80750

cc: Mr. Belmont
 Mr. Ferris
 3/82 hof

18 AUG 20 1958

EX-101

66 AUG 22 1958

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
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 DATE 7/18/98 BY SP2 ALM/WB
 #368692

1 - Whitson
1 - Liaison

SAC, Minneapolis

August 15, 1958

Director, FBI

**MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING
(LIAISON)**

Central Intelligence Agency

Be [redacted] has been assigned by
CIA to that Agency's interview office. [redacted]
[redacted]
[redacted]

Until [redacted] he was [redacted]

[redacted] in
Washington, D. C. His relations with the Bureau
have been friendly, particularly with regard to
[redacted]

The foregoing is furnished for background
in the event [redacted] comes to your attention in
his new assignment.

LW:cvg
(5)

NOTE: No derogatory references to [redacted] in Bur
indices. Info regarding [redacted] departure for new
assignment received by phone 8-12-58.

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HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 7/10/98 BY SP2 ALM/mk X-128
#368692

MAILED 5
AUG 15 1958
COMM-FBI

REC-63

62-80750-3183

18 AUG 19 1958

Tolson _____
Boardman _____
Belmont _____
Mohr _____
Nease _____
Parsons _____
Rosen _____
Tamm _____
Trotter _____
Clayton _____
Tele. Room _____
Holloman _____
Gandy _____

52 AUG 21 1958

MAIL ROOM ☒ WOK

DATE OF MAIL 8-1-58

HAS BEEN REMOVED FOR THE CONFIDENTIAL FILE ROOM OF THE DOMESTIC INTELLIGENCE DIVISION.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 7/10/98 BY SP2ALM/WB/KJS
368692

SEE FILE 66-2554-7530 FOR AUTHORITY.

SUBJECT JUNE MAIL C.I.A.

REMOVED BY 55 SEP 2 1958

FILE NUMBER 62-80750-✓

PERMANENT SERIAL CHARGEOUT

COVER LETTER FOR BLOCKED MAIL TOO LARGE FOR FILE

~~RECORDED~~

THIS SERIAL IS TOO LARGE FOR FILE AND WILL BE CARRIED AS A NOT RECORDED SERIAL
BEHIND THE FILE

THIS SERIAL THE (Date)

ISSUE OF THE (Name of the pamphlet)

b3

SUBJECT

Central Intelligence Agency

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

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DATE 7/10/98 BY SP2AMU/WB/KUS
#368692 P40GA

b3

FILE NUMBER

62-80750-3186

77 SEP 16 1958 *83*

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Mr. A. H. Belmont

DATE: September 12, 1958

FROM : Mr. R. R. Roach

SUBJECT: CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY

Tolson	_____
Boardman	_____
Belmont	_____
Mohr	_____
Nease	_____
Parsons	_____
Rosen	_____
Tamm	_____
Trotter	_____
Clayton	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Holloman	_____
Gandy	_____

In the August 25, 1958, issue of "Newsweek" under the section "The Periscope," a statement was made that the Central Intelligence Agency (CIA) had circulated among the armed services a list of subjects which "Soviet spies have been told to concentrate on." The Liaison Agent has been endeavoring to establish if CIA, in fact, prepared and circulated such a list. The matter was referred to CIA on September 3, 1958.

On September 11, 1958, [redacted] CIA, advised that she had checked with all appropriate divisions within her Agency and there is no evidence whatsoever indicating that CIA circulated a list as described.

ACTION:

None. For your information.

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HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 7/10/98 BY SP2 ALM/WB
#368692

SJP:bjtlyt
(5)

- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Branigan
- 1 - Liaison Section
- 1 - Mr. Papich

REC-54

EX-108

13 SEP 16 1958

67 SEP 19 1958

62-80750-3194, 3195,

CHANGED TO

RETURNED TO CENTRAL
RESEARCH SECTION

SEP 25 1958

Em.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 7/10/98 BY SP2 ALM/WSB
#368692

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Mr. A. H. Belmont

FROM : Mr. R. R. Roach

SUBJECT: CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY

DATE: September 22, 1958

Tolson _____
 Boardman _____
 Belmont _____
 Mohr _____
 Nease _____
 Parsons _____
 Rosen _____
 Tamm _____
 Trotter _____
 Clayton _____
 Tele. Room _____
 Holloman _____
 Gandy _____

On September 19, 1958, a confidential source connected with the Central Intelligence Agency (CIA), who has contacts in Congress, furnished Agent Papich the following information:

An unidentified member of Congress advised the source that certain top officials in the Government have become greatly concerned over the competency of CIA. The source was told that Attorney General Rogers is one of the officials who is endeavoring to promote some corrective action. In this regard, he allegedly called on the Director for his suggestions and recommendations. The Congressional representative told the source that Mr. Hoover was actively assisting Mr. Rogers in this matter.

The source in CIA commented that he personally realized that there could be nothing to the foregoing story and he would not be surprised if his "friend" in Congress was passing out some wild gossip or was merely planting a story in order to determine how it would be handled by the CIA employee.

The CIA source emphasized that he considered this information extremely sensitive and he asked the Liaison Agent to give him complete protection as a source.

ACTION:

None. For your information.

SJP:bjt
 (4)

- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Liaison Section
- 1 - Mr. Papich

EX - 132

SEP 25 1958

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DATE 7/10/98 BY SP2ALM/WB
 #368692

60 SEP 26 1958

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Mr. R. R. Roach

DATE: October 3, 1958

FROM : Mr. S. J. Papich

SUBJECT:

Tolson _____
 Boardman _____
 Belmont _____
 Mohr _____
 Nease _____
 Parsons _____
 Rosen _____
 Tamm _____
 Trotter _____
 Clayton _____
 Tele. Room _____
 Holloman _____
 Gandy _____

b3

mp 2-1

* Central Intelligence Agency

Pursuant to a discussion held with Mr. Wherry of the Records and Communications Division, arrangements were made with CIA, for the proper identification of CIA representatives when they call at the Bureau. stated that the teletype serviceman will be in possession of a CIA building pass which carries a number. Prior to his arrival at the Bureau, Mr. Wherry will be called and he will be given the name and the pass number of the serviceman. Mr. Wherry will be given an extension at CIA to call back to confirm the authenticity of the CIA message.

b3

ACTION:

The above information is being directed to the attention of the Records and Communications Division.

SJP:bjt lit
(4)Noted in Comm. Sect.
LEW

62-80750-3201

REC-23

24 OCT 7 1958

1 - Mr. Wherry
 1 - Liaison Section
 1 - Mr. Papich

EX-108

53 OCT 16 1958

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
 HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
 DATE 7/10/98 BY SP2 ALM/WB
 #368692

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Mr. A. H. Belmont

DATE: October 1, 1958

FROM : Mr. R. R. Roach

SUBJECT: CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY
NEW BUILDING

Tolson	_____
Boardman	_____
Belmont	_____
Mohr	_____
Nease	_____
Parsons	_____
Rosen	_____
Tamm	_____
Trotter	_____
Clayton	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Holloman	_____
Gandy	_____

For your information, the Liaison Agent has been informed that actual construction of the Central Intelligence Agency's (CIA's) new building has not been initiated. So far the only work done has been that in connection with the clearing of land and surveying.

On September 26, 1958, [redacted] CIA, advised that within the next two months some work will be initiated on the foundation of the building.

Several weeks ago, CIA advised us that the Agency might submit name check requests and possibly fingerprint check requests on all employees to be used on the construction job. [redacted] stated that very likely such requests will not be submitted until after the first of the year. He stated that he would keep the Liaison Agent informed of developments.

ACTION:

None. For your information.

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DATE 7/10/88 BY SP2ALM/WB
#328692

REC-6

62-80750-3203

OCT 7 1958

EX-135

- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. R. C. Anderson
- 1 - Mr. Walkart
- 1 - Liaison Section
- 1 - Mr. Papich

66 OCT 13 1958

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : MR. TOLSON

DATE: October 1, 1958

FROM : G. A. NEASE

SUBJECT: CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY
AMERICAN LEGION RESOLUTION

Tolson _____
 Belmont _____
 Mohr _____
 Nease _____
 Parsons _____
 Rosen _____
 Tamm _____
 Trotter _____
 W.C. Sullivan _____
 Tele. Room _____
 Holloman _____
 Gandy _____

There is attached Resolution #552 passed by Legionnaires in the Department of Maryland, The American Legion, relative to establishing a joint Congressional "Watch Dog" Committee to supervise the activities of the Central Intelligence Agency (CIA). This resolution is very critical of CIA. It specifically points out that the FBI and the Atomic Energy Commission are subject to continuing Congressional scrutiny. The resolution further points out that a republic, such as ours, with divided powers and checks and balances cannot safely or for long permit an executive agency to operate completely without Congressional oversight and control!

There is also attached Senate Bill #101 of the 85th Congress which calls for the same legislation as is called for in the attached resolution. It is rather apparent that some of the Maryland Legionnaires have been contacted by members of Congress relative to this matter.

DeLoach will, of course, make no comment concerning the attached resolution and will not vote one way or the other in this matter.

Enclosures (2)
 1 - Mr. Belmont

CDD:ejp
 (3)

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 #369492

REC-9

62-80750-3205

24 OCT 7 1958

ENCL. ATTACHED
 2 ENCLOSURE
 REC-9

EX-108

EX-108

LIAISON

CRIME REC

51 OCT 14 1958

RECORDED COPY FILED IN 94-49808

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DATE 7/10/98 BY SP2ALM/WB
#368692

62-80150 3205

ENCLOSURE

REFERRED

Resolution No. 552 (Maryland)

Subject: Establish a Joint Congressional "Watch Dog" Committee
on Central Intelligence

WHEREAS, The very existence of this nation may be gravely jeopardized by faulty gathering and evaluation of intelligence; and

WHEREAS, The recent events in Iraq, South America during Vice President Nixon's South American tour, Hungary, the Egypt-Israeli War and elsewhere, clearly showed that our government was caught completely by surprise in each case; and

WHEREAS, No Republic such as ours with divided powers and checks and balances can safely or for long permit an executive agency to operate completely without Congressional oversight and control; and

WHEREAS, All other government agencies including the F.B.I. and Atomic Energy Commission are subject to continuing Congressional scrutiny,

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, By The American Legion in National Convention assembled in the City of Chicago, Illinois, from September 2nd - 4th inclusive, 1973, that it approves and supports Senate C Resolution No. 101 establishing a Joint Congressional "Watch Dog" Committee on Central Intelligence; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That a copy of this resolution, if approved, be forwarded to the appropriate committee of the House of Representatives.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 7/10/93 BY SP2 ADW/MB
#368692

85TH CONGRESS
2D SESSION

S. CON. RES. 101

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

JULY 15, 1958

Mr. MANSFIELD submitted the following concurrent resolution; which was referred to the Committee on Armed Services

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

1 *Resolved by the Senate (the House of Representatives*
2 *concurring), That there is hereby established a Joint Com-*
3 *mittee on Central Intelligence to be composed of six Mem-*
4 *bers of the Senate to be appointed by the President of the*
5 *Senate, and six Members of the House of Representatives*
6 *to be appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representa-*
7 *tives. Of the six members to be appointed from the Senate,*
8 *three shall be members of the Central Intelligence Agency*
9 *Subcommittee of the Committee on Appropriations of the*
10 *Senate, and three shall be members of the Central Intelli-*
11 *gence Agency Subcommittee of the Committee on Armed*
12 *Services of the Senate. Of the six members to be appointed*

1 from the House of Representatives, three shall be members
2 of the Central Intelligence Agency Subcommittee of the
3 Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representa-
4 tives, and three shall be members of the Central Intelligence
5 Agency Subcommittee of the Committee on Armed Services
6 of the House of Representatives. Not more than four mem-
7 bers appointed from either the Senate or the House of
8 Representatives shall be from the same political party.

9 SEC. 2. (a) The joint committee shall make continuing
10 studies of the activities of the Central Intelligence Agency
11 and of problems relating to the gathering of intelligence
12 affecting the national security and of its coordination and
13 utilization by the various departments, agencies, and instru-
14 mentalities of the Government. The Central Intelligence
15 Agency shall keep the joint committee fully and currently
16 informed with respect to its activities. All bills, resolutions,
17 and other matters in the Senate or the House of Representa-
18 tives relating primarily to the Central Intelligence Agency
19 shall be referred to the joint committee.

20 (b) The members of the joint committee who are
21 Members of the Senate shall from time to time report to the
22 Senate, and the members of the joint committee who are
23 Members of the House of Representatives shall from time to
24 time report to the House, by bill or otherwise, their recom-
25 mendations with respect to matters within the jurisdiction

1 of their respective Houses which are (1) referred to the
2 joint committee, or (2) otherwise within the jurisdiction of
3 the joint committee.

4 SEC. 3. Vacancies in the membership of the joint com-
5 mittee shall not affect the power of the remaining members
6 to execute the functions of the joint committee, and shall be
7 filled in the same manner as in the case of the original selec-
8 tion. The joint committee shall select a chairman and a
9 vice chairman from among its members.

10 SEC. 4. The joint committee, or any duly authorized
11 subcommittee thereof, is authorized to hold such hearings,
12 to sit and act at such places and times, to require, by sub-
13 pena or otherwise, the attendance of such witnesses and the
14 production of such books, papers, and documents, to ad-
15 minister such oaths, to take such testimony, to procure such
16 printing and binding, and to make such expenditures as it
17 deems advisable. The cost of stenographic services to re-
18 port public hearings shall not be in excess of the amounts
19 prescribed by law for reporting the hearings of standing
20 committees of the Senate.

21 SEC. 5. The joint committee is empowered to appoint
22 such experts, consultants, technicians, and clerical and
23 stenographic assistants as it deems necessary and advisable.
24 The committee is authorized to utilize the services, infor-
25 mation, facilities, and personnel of the departments and

1 establishments of the Government on a reimbursable basis
 2 with the prior consent of the heads of the departments or
 3 agencies concerned and the Committee on Rules and
 4 Administration.

5 SEC. 6. The expenses of the joint committee, which
 6 shall not exceed \$250,000 per year, shall be paid from the
 7 contingent fund of the Senate.

85TH CONGRESS
 2d Session

S. CON. RES. 101

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

Establishing a Joint Committee on Central
 Intelligence.

By Mr. MANSFIELD

June 15, 1958

Referred to the Committee on Armed Services

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
 HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
 DATE 7/19/98 BY SP2 ACM/MLD
 #368692

EX-102

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

REC-13

- 2 - Orig & dupl
1 - yellow
1 - Mr. Nease
1 - Mr. M.A. Jones
1 - Mr. Belmont
1 - Section tickler
1 - Mr. Sullivan

Date: October 7, 1958

To: Director
Central Intelligence Agency
2430 E Street, N. W.
Washington 25, D. C.

b3

Attention:

From: John Edgar Hoover, Director
Federal Bureau of Investigation

Subject: REQUEST FOR LECTURE BY
MR. WILLIAM SULLIVAN

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT
WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE

DECLASSIFIED BY SP 7 *SP 7*
ON 10/3/94 - C.A. # *PP-1826*
PER CIA REVIEW OF 6/1/94
PER OGA 7/13/98 #367692

Reference is made to your memorandum signed by
 to me dated September 25, 1958, your
reference wherein you made a request for the
services of Mr. William Sullivan of this Bureau to give a lecture
on communism in the United States. (X)(u)

It is with regret that I must inform you that it is not
possible, because of Mr. Sullivan's other commitments, for me
to grant this request.

NOTE:

This request is being declined on the basis of the Director's
judgment per memorandum from Sullivan to A.H. Belmont, dated 10-1-58
Re: "Request for Lecture on Communism by the Central Intelligence Agency
(CIA), Central Research Matter (Info Concerning)," WCS:lmh.

52 OCT 17 1958

WCS:aml

(8)

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Oct 7 12 59 PM '58
REC'D-READING ROOM
FBI

b3

Tolson
Belmont
Mohr
Nease
Parsons
Rosen
Tamm
Trotter
W.C. Sullivan
Tele. Room
Holloman
Gandy

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Mr. A. H. Belmont *AB*~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

DATE: October 1, 1958

FROM : W. C. Sullivan *WCS*Classified by *SP4 [unclear]*Declassify on: OADR *12/1/89* *V.*SUBJECT: REQUEST FOR LECTURE ON COMMUNISM
BY THE CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY (CIA)
CENTRAL RESEARCH MATTER (INFORMATION CONCERNING)

Tolson	✓
Boardman	✓
Belmont	✓
Mohr	✓
Nease	✓
Parsons	✓
Rosen	✓
Tamm	✓
Trotter	✓
Clayton	✓
Tele. Room	✓
Holloman	✓
Gandy	✓
W. C. Sullivan	✓

Reference is made to the enclosed memorandum to the Director from CIA requesting that a lecture be given by W. C. Sullivan on the subject of communism on any one of three dates in December. Reference is also made to the comments of the Director on the enclosed routing slip wherein he points out certain glaring contradictions in the thinking of CIA.

It is believed to be in the best interest of the Bureau to give this lecture, not because of the information which can be conveyed to CIA on communism in the United States, but because it will give Sullivan an opportunity to raise a number of questions himself of the group concerning CIA's own activities in the field of communism. In other words, it can be a bit of a challenge to see how much the FBI can learn about the operations of CIA during the course of this lecture and discussion rather than the converse.

Of the three dates suggested, December 11, 1958, would be the most suitable for Sullivan in view of his numerous prior commitments. *30*

It is to be noted that CIA said that the final date and details could be arranged through liaison. In view of this fact, Liaison Supervisor S. J. Papich can handle the arrangements.

RECOMMENDATIONS: ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT
WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE. *EX-102*

62-80750-3208

(1) That approval be given for W. C. Sullivan to give this lecture to CIA. *EX-102*

2- ENCLOSURE *REC-13* recommend *declassification* *RESEARCH*
(2) That Supervisor Papich inform CIA that December 11, 1958, is the most acceptable date.

DECLASSIFIED BY *SP2 ALM/WB*
ON *7/13/98*
#368612

(3) That Supervisor Papich secure any additional details which will be helpful in this matter.

Enclosures

WCS:lm (7)

1 - Mr. Nease
1 - Mr. Belmont
1 - Section tickler
1 - Mr. M. A. Jones
1 - Mr. Papich
1 - Mr. Sullivan

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Letter to CIA

10-7-58

WCS:lm

DO-7

FROM

~~SECRET~~

OFFICE OF DIRECTOR, FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Classified by *SP2ALM/MS*

Declassify on: OADR 3/30/90

OFFICIAL INDICATED BELOW BY CHECK MARK/CEPT

HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE

Mr. Tolson _____

Mr. Belmont _____

Mr. Mohr _____

Mr. Nease _____

Mr. Parsons _____

Mr. Rosen _____

Mr. Tamm _____

Mr. Trotter _____

Mr. W. C. Sullivan _____

Mr. Holloman _____

Miss Gandy _____

Of some strange that a should seek this when it is to repre- sentative in Japan considers FBI as a bunch of "mice" that get "the den- gers of Com- munion as something con- fused up for

See Me _____

Note and Return _____

Prepare Reply _____

For Your Recommendation _____

What are the facts? _____

Remarks: *the mind of the FBI. But then again, I don't re- quest doesn't come from the Director nor even the Deputy Director of C. O.*

ENCLOSURE
62-50737-3208

CLASSIFIED BY *SP2ALM/MS*

DECLASSIFY ON: *3X 1/6*

#54692 PER OGA 9/25/94

11 OCT 14 1958

CENTRAL RESEARCH

DECLASSIFIED BY *SP2ALM/MS*

ON *9/28/98*

Per OGA *9/28/98*

#368692

Mr. Tolson	/
Mr. Belmont	/
Mr. Mohr	/
Mr. Nease	
Mr. Parsons	
Mr. Rosen	
Mr. Tamm	
Mr. Trotter	/
Mr. Sullivan	/
Tele. Room	
Mr. Holloman	
Miss Gandy	

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Mr. Tolson

DATE: October 27, 1958

FROM : G. A. Nease

SUBJECT: HAROLD KEITH THOMPSON, WAS.
INTERNAL SECURITY - X
REGISTRATION ACT
BUREAU FILE 100-370871ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 7/13/98 BY SP2 ALM/WB
#368692

Tolson	_____
Belmont	_____
Mohr	_____
Nease	_____
Parsons	_____
Rosen	_____
Tamm	_____
Trotter	_____
W.C. Sullivan	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Holloman	_____
Gandy	_____

For record purposes, while discussing another matter with Dave Lawrence of "U. S. News and World Report," 10-24-58, Mr. Lawrence observed that several years ago his publication had run an item on Harold Keith Thompson indicating that Thompson had been a candidate of the National Renaissance Party and in view of Thompson's denial of ever being a candidate, "U. S. News and World Report" had to run a retraction. Thompson is mentioned in the House Committee on Un-American Activities report on Neo-Fascist groups dated 9-17-54. Lawrence stated that Thompson apparently had some connection with the German language paper, "Der Weg", in Buenos Aires and that he, Lawrence, mentioned to Alan Dulles of CIA that there were plenty of Fascist and anti-Nazi elements in South America, apparently with money at their disposal, suggesting that CIA might well keep abreast of any situation in that area from this group. He particularly had in mind the German publication "Der Weg" and in this connection he turned over to Alan Dulles the "U. S. News and World Report" file on Harold Keith Thompson in view of the anti-Semitic background of "Der Weg." Lawrence made the observation that CIA apparently was doing nothing in South America in keeping track of anti-Jewish proponents in that area who might have some possible connection with the people in this country and that since "Der Weg" had been run out of the Argentine because of its pro-fascist policy it was his feeling that CIA should attempt to find out if "Der Weg" is reorganizing in Germany.

The Department, by memorandum 11-21-56, noted that Thompson was a correspondent for the Argentine newspaper and as such was not required to register under the Registration Act. However, since Thompson was soliciting declarations of greeting addressed to Admiral Doenitz, a German war criminal then being released from custody, the Department noted that if subject was engaged in political activities, registration under the act might be required in spite of his working for a foreign newspaper. Under date of June 20, 1958, the Department by memorandum advised the Bureau that since the exemption provided representatives of newspapers under Section 3(d) of the Foreign Agents Registration Act as amended, is available to the subject, his registration as an agent of a foreign principal will not be solicited at this time.

OCT 30 1958

1 - Mr. Belmont

NOT RECORDED

(continued next page)

OCT 31 1958

JJM:sak

(3)

66 NOV 3 1958

5-A.R.

ORIGINAL COPY FILED IN 100-370871-74

Nease memo to Tolson

RE: HAROLD KEITH THOMPSON, WAS.

The Bureau advised the Assistant Attorney General of the Internal Security Division on July 1, 1958, by memorandum that the report of SA Edward A. Brandt dated May 27, 1958, at New York, which was forwarded to the Internal Security Division on June 11, 1958, reflected that there was no indication of any connection at the present time between the subject and "Der Weg," and that the decision of the Department as reflected in its June 20, 1958, memorandum may have been reached prior to the receipt of their consideration of the referenced report from New York. The Bureau requested, therefore, advice as to whether the contents of the referenced report changed the decision of the Department as reflected in its memorandum of June 20, 1958.

To date, no reply has been received from the Department. A follow-up was sent to the Department September 18, 1958, requesting a reply to the Bureau's memorandum of July 1, 1958.

*Dept has replied
and advised no action
would be taken as of
date 10/1/58*

✓ *JA*

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Mr. Mohr

DATE: 10-21-58

FROM : W. S. Tavel *WST:m*SUBJECT: INQUIRY RE OUR MATERNITY LEAVE POLICY BY CIA

Tolson	
Boardman	
Belmont	
Mohr	
Parsons	
Rosen	
Tamm	
Trotter	
W.C. Sullivan	
Tele. Room	
Holloman	
Gandy	

On 10-21-58 [redacted] who is with [redacted]

[redacted] of the Central Intelligence Agency (CIA) called the Leave Office and spoke with SA R. G. Hunsinger. [redacted] stated that CIA does not have a policy with respect to maternity leave, that they are contemplating the formulation of such policy and that [redacted] had asked him to call some agencies to get an idea as to what this policy is as practiced in other agencies. He wanted to know our policy.

[redacted] was advised that we do have a specific maternity leave policy which is that set forth in the Federal Personnel Manual under section showing a suggested guide for granting maternity leave. It was pointed out that the guide set out in this manual is neither regulatory nor mandatory nor instructions of the Commission, but that we follow it. He was also told we have two local ground rules not indicated in the guide which are that employees granted maternity leave must have had at least one year's Bureau service and also that the total time employees may be away on maternity leave is six months. The suggested guide set forth in the Federal Personnel Manual is enclosed.

[redacted] was appreciative of this information.

RECOMMENDATION:

None, this is for information.

RGH:MAH

(3)

Enclosure

NOT RECORDED
167 NOV 4 1958

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 7/13/58 BY SP2ALM/wb
#368692

60 NOV 7 1958

ORIGINAL COPY FILED IN 66-2087-2001

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Mr. A. H. Belmont *alt*

DATE: October 28, 1958

FROM : Mr. R. R. Roach *R*SFAALMWB - P22 OGA 7/13/58
368 672ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 10/23/94 BY SP7 CAC/AMW

C.A. # 88-1846

per CIA Review of 6/12/94

SUBJECT: CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY (CIA)

Tolson	_____
Boardman	_____
Belmont	_____
Mohr	_____
Nease	_____
Parsons	_____
Rosen	_____
Tamm	_____
Trotter	_____
Clayton	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Holloman	_____
Gandy	_____

You previously have been informed that [redacted]
[redacted] CIA, had suffered a nervous breakdown
[redacted]

On October 27, 1958, [redacted] CIA, advised Agent Papich on a strictly confidential basis that [redacted] condition is gradually improving but it is most doubtful that he will ever return to CIA. According to [redacted] it is the consensus of opinion among CIA officials that [redacted] undoubtedly will recover but Allen Dulles would not take the risk of giving [redacted] such heavy responsibilities. [redacted] very likely will return to private business and possibly his law practice.

[redacted] then confidentially stated that a "power struggle" is developing within CIA in anticipation that [redacted] eventually will be replaced. At the present time [redacted] office is being run by [redacted]

[redacted] has much support within CIA and is highly regarded. The Bureau has little occasion to deal with him directly but in general he has been friendly and cooperative. Over the years we actually never have had any conflicts with [redacted] It is the belief of the Liaison Agent that [redacted] has avoided conflicts, not because of any deep friendship toward the Bureau, but because of his respect for our prestige and competency. [redacted] backers include many old Office of Strategic Services (OSS) officials who will make every effort to entrench [redacted] as [redacted] successor. A conflict is already arising in that [redacted]

[redacted] also wants the job. [redacted] as you know, has been a polio cripple for several years but, nevertheless, has actively discharged his duties as [redacted] which has included several trips in foreign countries. He is highly regarded by Allen Dulles and has many supporters in CIA. Over the years [redacted] has made many contacts in Government circles, including Congress. [redacted] is believed to be particularly weak in this field. Before [redacted]

[redacted] always has wanted to return to this particular field and he now sees a good opportunity to make such a move.

For your information, [redacted]
CIA is one of the top jobs in the Agency. [redacted]

SJP:bjt (4) *lyk*

59 NOV 4 1958

- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Liaison Section
- 1 - Mr. Papich

Papich
LIAISON

b3

Memorandum Mr. Roach to Mr. Belmont
RE: CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY (CIA)

[REDACTED]

It is believed that as far as the Bureau is concerned
[REDACTED] would be a better man than [REDACTED] has been
very friendly and cooperative over the years and it is believed that
he has a more profound knowledge of Bureau interests than [REDACTED]

b3

ACTION:

The Liaison Agent will be on the alert for any developments
of interest to us.

RB

ansh

+

✓

62-80750-3217
CHANGED TO
65-66944-2

SEP 26 1961

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 9/28/98 BY SP2 ACM/WB
PER OGA 9/28/98 #308692

BIU/SD

0

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Mr. A. H. Belmont *ABM*

DATE: October 30, 1958

FROM : Mr. R. R. Roach *RR*

SUBJECT: 0 CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY (CIA)

Tolson _____
 Boardman _____
 Belmont _____
 Mohr _____
 Nease _____
 Parsons _____
 Rosen _____
 Tamm _____
 Trotter _____
 Clayton _____
 Tele. Room _____
 Holloman _____
 Gandy _____
 W. C. Sullivan

By memorandum dated October 28, 1958, I furnished information concerning the "power struggle" developing within CIA as a result of the maneuvering taking place to come up with a replacement for [redacted] I pointed out that [redacted] and [redacted] were two CIA officials who very likely would be considered for the job. The Liaison Agent has now developed additional information indicating that

[redacted] is making overtures for the purpose of obtaining the position left by [redacted] Like [redacted] is [redacted] On the table of organization, he ranks as high as [redacted] but his job does not carry the same prestige because

[redacted] in turn, is [redacted] He allegedly would like to move to the other position in order to gain more prestige and power. [redacted] is very political minded and he realizes that by becoming [redacted] he would be in a more influential position to become involved in U. S. foreign policy matters.

We never have regarded [redacted] as a friend and it is strongly believed that he is not interested in assisting the Bureau. He has been most careful to avoid conflicts with us but he definitely cannot be regarded as a friend and it would be to our disadvantage if he became [redacted] [redacted] is strongly disliked by many of the other officials such as [redacted] and [redacted]

ACTION:

None. For your information.

REC-23 62-80750-3219

4 NOV 5 1958

SJP:bjt *bjt*
(5)

- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Liaison Section
- 1 - Mr. Kuhrtz
- 1 - Mr. Papich

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
 HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
 DATE 7/13/98 BY SP2 ALM/WB
 #368692 per OGA #

63 NOV 12 1958

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Mr. A. H. Belmont

DATE: October 31, 1958

FROM : Mr. R. R. Roach

SUBJECT: ^① CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY (CIA) ^①

You may be interested in the following information developed by the Liaison Agent which touches upon CIA organization and personnel.

A few weeks ago, General Cabell received his fourth star as a general. The Liaison Agent has been reliably informed 2-1 that Allen Dulles pushed this move very strongly in order to bring more prestige to "the intelligence community." Dulles allegedly told the President that it would add to the prestige of U. S. intelligence if CIA had a very high ranking military official. Dulles reportedly suggested that if Cabell were raised to a higher rank, intelligence interests would be best served. *yu*

Now that Cabell has acquired a fourth star, Dulles allegedly is ready to make his next move. He hopes to have a National Security Council (NSC) directive issued which will strengthen the responsibilities of the office of Director, CIA, bringing him closer to Cabinet rank. It is not known exactly how Dulles wants his responsibilities described but his motive is to bring more prestige and strength to the office which he now holds. *te*

ACTION:

None. For your information.

SJP:bjtlyt
(5)

- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Kuhrtz
- 1 - Liaison Section
- 1 - Mr. Papich

53 NOV 12 1958

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 7/05/85 BY SP6 bja/lmw

#040,403

SP2 ALM/MB
7/13/98 #368692

Tolson _____
Boardman _____
Belmont _____
Mohr _____
Nease _____
Parsons _____
Rosen _____
Tamm _____
Trotter _____
Clayton _____
Tele. Room _____
Holloman _____
Gandy _____

RECORDED COPY FILED IN 62-83338

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : MR. A. H. BELMONT

DATE: November 5, 1958

FROM : MR. R. R. ROACH

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIEDDATE 7/14/98 BY SP2 ALM/WB
#308692 pr OGASUBJECT: ALLEN DULLES
DIRECTOR

CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY (CIA)

Tolson	
Boardman	
Belmont	
Mohr	
Nease	
Parsons	
Rosen	
Tamm	
Trotter	
Glavin	
Tele. Room	
Holloman	

While discussing other official business with Agent Papich on November 5, 1958, Allen Dulles brought up the following matters:

1. Dulles made reference to the recent "Nation" article which attacked the Bureau. He stated that many years ago he made up his mind that he would not read the magazine because he did not approve of the political line and had little use for most of the contributors. He stated that he had heard about the article attacking the Bureau, but had seen no reason to read it until recently when one of his subordinates suggested that it might be worthwhile to do so. Dulles stated that he read the article and that he was shocked at the extremes to which the writer had gone in striking at the Bureau. He referred to the material as "trash" and stated that he wanted the Liaison Agent to pass a message to the Director to the effect that if CIA's assistance was needed in running down any leads concerning any organization or individual involved in a plan to attack the Bureau, he would be most willing to give full cooperation.

2. Dulles made brief reference to Cyrus Eaton. He stated that several years ago he had personal dealings with Eaton when he was practicing law. He described Eaton as having been "very sharp," but he is of the firm opinion that Eaton is now "batty."

3. Dulles stated that he had been invited by Gordon Gray to sit in on a Cabinet meeting scheduled for November 6, 1958, at which the Director was to speak. Dulles stated he was looking forward with great interest to hearing the Director.

4.

Referral/Consult

SJP:jlh (5) NOV 12 1958 368
1 - Mr. Belmont
1 - Mr. M. W. Kuhrtz
1 - Liaison Section
1 - Mr. Papich

TO NOV 7 1958

162-80750-
NOT RECORDED
NOV 7 1958

ORIGINAL COPY FILED IN 62-82338-1

Memo Roach to Belmont
RE: ALLEN BULLES
DIRECTOR
CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY

Referral/Consult

ACTION:

None. For your information.

Auth.
*would like more
details as to 4th item.*
K
*memo 11/6
by Karkut*

62-80750-3226
CHANGED TO
65-66944-3

SEP 26 1961

BW/SD

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 9/28/98 BY SP2 ALM/WB
PER OGA 9/22/98 #368692

U

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Mr. A. H. Belmont *phr*

DATE: November 7, 1958

FROM : W. C. Sullivan *ws*SUBJECT: *Book*
CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AND NATIONAL SECURITY,
BY HARRY HOWE RANSOM
CENTRAL RESEARCH MATTER
11/15

Tolson	_____
Boardman	_____
Belmont	_____
Mohr	_____
Nease	_____
Parsons	_____
Rosen	_____
Tamm	_____
Trotter	_____
Clayton	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Holloman	_____
Gandy	_____

This study of intelligence operations in the United States today criticizes the Central Intelligence Agency (CIA) for being too secretive, for possibly exceeding its purpose, and for lack of coverage behind the Iron Curtain. It also accuses the FBI of excluding the Office of Strategic Services (OSS) from South America during World War II, of seeking to expand its foreign intelligence after the war, and of influencing President Truman to disband OSS in 1945. The book is done in a scholarly tone, but fails to present a truly penetrating view of American intelligence.

No Thriller

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 7/14/98 BY SP2 ALM/wls
per OGA # 368692

Captioned book, (1) which was published by the Harvard University Press, has been reviewed by Central Research. It is a dry, scholarly treatise on what should be a topic of vital, pulsing interest to every American today: intelligence in the age of nuclear warfare. It has, however, neither the intense, cliff-hanging thrills of an Eric Ambler novel, nor the piercing, analytical clarity of Sherman Kent's Strategic Intelligence for American World Policy. (2) It is, instead, a reference book of the various departments and agencies currently dealing in intelligence work, and contains a capsuled history of the events that have led the United States from the bumbling use of Pinkerton agents during the Civil War to the interlocking network of nearly two dozen organizations now engaged in gathering information.

Drops Innuendoes

Despite the title of Ransom's book, it is not confined entirely to CIA, but rather is a study of the "growth and function of central intelligence (as a whole) since World War II." (3) It is the outgrowth of a series of lectures given by the

JEM:mst

53 NOV 1958

REC-4

62-80750-3228
13 NOV 13 1958

1 - Section tickler	1 - Mr. Mohr	1 - Mr. S. B. Donahoe
1 - John E. McHale, Jr.	1 - Mr. Nease	1 - Mr. F. J. Baumgardner
1 - Mr. Belmont	1 - Mr. W. A. Branigan	1 - Mr. S. J. Papich

Memorandum to Belmont

Re: CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AND NATIONAL SECURITY,
BY HARRY HOWE RANSOM

author at the Harvard University Graduate School of Public Administration, and details the rise of Army intelligence from a \$200,000 operation in the 1920's to a \$125,000,000 project in 1958;(4) takes sly digs at the FBI and intelligence in general ("the spy business is booming");(5) and puts in a plug for the "eggheads" in espionage work over the "cloak-and-dagger" boys.

Glamor is Gone

According to Ransom, 30 per cent of today's intelligence data comes from military attaches and routine military operations, 25 per cent from tourists and public source materials, 25 per cent from the reports of United States' agencies abroad, and only 20 per cent from clandestine operations.(6) He quotes former OSS Director William J. Donovan as saying, "good intelligence (is) no more mysterious than McGuffey's Second Reader, and just about as sinister."(7)

Counter-intelligence Functions

As for the FBI, Ransom cites primarily its Special Intelligence Service (SIS) activities during World War II (based on original material from Don Whitehead's The FBI Story), and describes it now as being "largely...an agency for domestic counter-intelligence."(8) He does not, however, give the Bureau any credit when discussing such counter-intelligence operations as the apprehensions of Julius and Ethel Rosenberg, Morton Sobell, and Colonel Rudolph Abel.(9)

FBI vs. OSS

Ransom maintains that during the war OSS was excluded from operations in South America, "a jealously guarded jurisdiction of the Federal Bureau of Investigation's Special Intelligence Service,"(10) and charges that the Bureau was apparently influential in persuading President Truman to disband OSS in 1945.(11) After the war, Ransom alleges, the Bureau sought to expand its SIS to a "world-wide basis," and only withdrew, "with some reluctance,"(12) when the plan was shelved and CIA took over in its place. Later on in the book, he quotes a 1949 Hoover Commission report that "unsatisfactory relationships existed between CIA and...the Federal Bureau of Investigation."(13)

Criticizes CIA

At no time does Ransom question the necessity and desirability of an intelligence apparatus--"Nothing is more crucial in the making of national decisions"(14)---but he does reserve a few, special brickbats for CIA itself. He calls it a "mysteri-

Memorandum to Belmont

RE: CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AND NATIONAL SECURITY,
BY HARRY HOWE HANSOM

ous, super-secret shadow agency, "(15) questions its "place in the democratic process, "(16) and needles it for lack of coverage behind the Iron Curtain. (17) He also suggests that, when it moves into its new, sumptuous quarters in Virginia, it should keep in mind Professor Parkinson's law that "Organizations tend to achieve architectural magnificence and comfort at a point when symptoms of decline or collapse begin to appear." (18)

Problems to be Faced

Among the problems Ransom sees facing CIA are a lack of highly qualified personnel, (19) and a policy of promoting specialists who have little, or no, administrative ability. (20) Among those facing the intelligence community as a whole, he claims, are the growing emphasis on filling warehouses with "encycopedic data, "(21) and the tendency to rush around from "crash project" to "crash project" without a long-range, over-all goal. (22)

Praise for Dulles

Although apparently an admirer of CIA Director Allen Dulles--whom he describes as the more or less ideal "combination of administrative expert, imaginative scholar, courageous master spy, and a person of keen sensitivity"(23) --Ransom warns that on a number of occasions (such as the Hungarian uprising of 1956) CIA has failed to provide advance notice, (24) and in dealing in backroom foreign politics, may be exceeding its purpose of gathering information. (25)

Suggested Improvements

On the positive side, he recommends more congressional control over CIA, (26) the admission of the United States Information Agency and the International Cooperation Administration to the Intelligence Advisory Committee, (27) and a greater emphasis on the evaluation and dissemination of information, rather than the stockpiling of it. (28) Adoption of this last suggestion, he said, would have prevented the 1941 disaster at Pearl Harbor. (29)

Possibly With OSS

As you will recall, by memorandum dated October 20, 1958, from Mr. Roach to Mr. Belmont, it was stated that a check of the Bureau files and the Bureau library disclosed no information identifiable with Ransom. It was reported, however, that a CIA agent advised he understands Ransom was formerly with OSS. No additional pertinent information has since been received.

RECOMMENDATION:

For the information of the Director.

Memorandum to Belmont

Re: CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AND NATIONAL SECURITY
BY HARRY HOWE RANSOM

1. Harry Howe Ransom, Central Intelligence and National Security, Cambridge, Massachusetts, Harvard University Press, 1958, 287 pp.
2. Sherman Kent, Strategic Intelligence for American World Policy, Princeton, New Jersey, Princeton University Press, 1949, 226 pp.
3. Harry Howe Ransom, Central Intelligence and National Security, p. VI
4. Ibid, p. 53
5. Ibid, p. 28
6. Ibid, p. 18
7. Ibid, p. 16
8. Ibid, p. 128
9. Ibid, pp. 23-24
10. Ibid, p. 66
11. Ibid, pp. 71-72
12. Ibid, pp. 129-130
13. Ibid, p. 179
14. Ibid, p. 2
15. Ibid, p. VI
16. Ibid, p. VI
17. Ibid, pp. 23, 170
18. Ibid, p. 78; and C. Northcote Parkinson, Parkinson's Law, Boston Massachusetts, Houghton Mifflin, 1957
19. Ibid, pp. 176-177
20. Ibid, p. 177
21. Ibid, p. 214
22. Ibid, p. 40

Memorandum to Belmont

Re: CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AND NATIONAL SECURITY,
BY HARRY HOWE RANSOM

23. Ibid, pp. 92-93
24. Ibid, p. 189
25. Ibid, p. 88
26. Ibid, pp. VII, 184
27. Ibid, p. 197
28. Ibid, pp. 58, 140
29. Ibid, pp. 41, 58

Mr. Tolson ✓
Mr. Belmont ✓
Mr. Mohr ✓
Mr. Nease ✓
Mr. Parsons ✓
Mr. Rosen ✓
Mr. Tamm ✓
Mr. Trotter ✓
Mr. W.C. Sullivan ✓
Tele. Room ✓
Mr. Holloman ✓
Miss Gandy ✓

*Don't know
Pap
A.R. Jones*

UPI-67

(AGENTS)

BERLIN--THE COMMUNISTS ARRESTED A NUMBER OF AGENTS OF THE U.S. CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY IN THE SOVIET ZONE DURING THE PAST FEW WEEKS, THE EAST GERMAN NEWS AGENCY ADN SAID TODAY.

THE AGENCY SAID THE "AGENTS" WERE MEMBERS OF A GROUP TRAINED TO COMMIT PROVOCATIONS AGAINST SOVIET CITIZENS AND OFFICERS IN EAST GERMANY, AUSTRIA, BELGIUM AND OTHER EUROPEAN COUNTRIES. IT GAVE NO SPECIFIC FIGURE ON THE NUMBER ARRESTED.

11/4-P1218P

*memo passed to
Rosen 11-13-58
SJP/91k*

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P106A #364692

ENCLOSURE

42-80750-3229
WASHINGTON CAPITAL NEWS SERVICE

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Mr. A. H. Belmont

DATE: 11/17/58

FROM : R. R. Roach

SUBJECT: CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY

b3

Reference is made to my memorandum dated November 13, 1958, advising that [redacted] possibly might become the new [redacted] at CIA. I advised that Bureau files were being reviewed concerning [redacted]

Tolson _____
Boardman _____
Belmont _____
Mohr _____
Nease _____
Parsons _____
Rosen _____
Tamm _____
Trotter _____
Clayton _____
Tele. Room _____
Holloman _____
Gandy _____

Referral/Consult

b3

(116-360927)

SJP:awj (4)
any

- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Liaison Section
- 1 - Mr. Papich

REC-8

NOV 19 1958

50 NOV 20 1958

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
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DATE 8-1-96 BY SP4 [redacted]

SP2 ALM/WB PROGA 7/14/98
#368692

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN 116-360927-1

Memorandum Roach to Belmont
RE: CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY

b3

As previously reported [] at this stage is one of several individuals being considered for the position in CIA of []. The background information concerning him would indicate that we should be circumspect in our dealings with him. We will follow such a course.

ACTION:

None. For your information.

[Handwritten initials and a checkmark]

most certainly.
X

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : MR. A. H. BELMONT *ash*

DATE: November 16, 1958

FROM : MR. G. C. MOORE *ger*1 - Mr. Belmont
1 - Mr. Papich
1 - Mr. MooreSUBJECT: *DC*
*NY**b3*
CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY EMPLOYEE
INFORMATION CONCERNINGTolson _____
Belmont _____
Mohr _____
Nease _____
Parsons _____
Rosen _____
Tamm _____
Trotter _____
W.C. Sullivan _____
Tele. Room _____
Holloman _____
Gandy _____

At 9:50 p.m., 11-15-58 [redacted]

[redacted] telephonically advised that the captioned individual is [redacted] and works at Central Intelligence Agency (CIA) as [redacted]. [redacted] stated that at 7:00 p.m., 11-15-58, [redacted] telephoned [redacted] who appeared to be very much worried over something and "mysterious" in her conversation. [redacted] became concerned after thinking about [redacted] actions and attempted to again telephone her. When unable to contact [redacted] the second time, [redacted] decided to call the FBI. [redacted] stated he understood the FBI could not locate [redacted] but was bringing the matter to our attention in case anything had happened to [redacted] and we heard about it. He gave [redacted] address as [redacted] [redacted] telephone number [redacted]. Although [redacted] appeared intoxicated, he seemed to be genuinely worried as did [redacted] who could be heard in the background assisting [redacted] in the call. *Papich*
3
*85*The above was furnished to Liaison Agent S. J. Papich at 10:00 p.m. who furnished it to [redacted] CIA. (*ru* [redacted] *ADP*)At 11:25 p.m., 11-15-58 [redacted] again called [redacted] and stated [redacted] had gotten in touch with him and [redacted] and severely reprimanded them for having called the FBI. [redacted] said he felt that [redacted] acted more "mysterious" than ever and he felt she must be in some kind of trouble. He asked that FBI protect her. He was told that we had no authority to do so. It is noted that [redacted] appeared much more intoxicated during the second call than the first. *Buliles*
*my. re*ACTION: [redacted] and [redacted] *62-80756-3232*None. For information *REG-1344*52 NOV 20 1958 *F75*

EX. - 124

12 NOV 18 1958

GCM:hrt
(4) *hrt**hcm* ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
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DATE 7/14/98 BY SP2ALM/WA
#362692 *RM OGA*

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : S. B. Donahoe *SDW*b6
b7C

DATE: 11/13/58

FROM : [REDACTED] *DBO*

b3

SUBJECT: [REDACTED]
INFORMATION CONCERNING*Central Intelligence Agency*

Tolson	_____
Boardman	_____
Belmont	_____
Mohr	_____
Parsons	_____
Rosen	_____
Tamm	_____
Trotter	_____
Clayton	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Holloman	_____
Gandy	_____

Upon arriving home last night (11/12/58) at 6:30 p.m.,
the writer learned from [REDACTED] who is her next-door
neighbor, that [REDACTED]

W. C. Sullivan

[REDACTED]
who is an employee of CIA, called a taxi and was driven to [REDACTED]

For Bureau's general information, [REDACTED] is [REDACTED]

and resides [REDACTED]

The writer resides [REDACTED]

While [REDACTED] knows writer is employed by FBI, [REDACTED]
[REDACTED] does not know of the nature of writer's duties. **NOV 18 1958**

REC-15

NOV 26 1958

100

SEE ADDENDUM-ON-PAGE 2

- 1 - Administrative Division
 - 1 - Papich
 - 1 - Donahoe
- DBO
(4)

LAST NAME
UNKNOWN

58 DEC 1 1958

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#308692 PUGGA

Memorandum to S. B. Donahoe

Re: [redacted]

b3

It is requested that if it is necessary to furnish the above information to CIA in view of [redacted] position with that Agency, that the writer's identity be protected.

b3

ACTION:

For information.

DBO

ADDENDUM NRW:bbr 11/14/58

Since [redacted]

[redacted] recommend we furnish above information to that Agency orally via liaison on a confidential basis, taking care not to reveal [redacted] identity.

b3
b6
b7C

WHL
DDW
over
✓
ohj

Pertinent info given to
Wm Osborne, Office of Security, CIA
on strictly conf. basis. Mrs. Ott's
identity fully protected
11/17/58
[signature]

ST.

C

Tolson ☒
 Boardman ☒
 Belmont ☒
 Mohr ☒
 Nease ☒
 Parsons ☒
 Rosen ☒
 Tamm ☒
 Trotter ☒
 W.C. Sullivan ☒
 Tele. Room ☒
 Holloman ☒
 Gandy ☒

C. I. A.

Why have Russia's technological feats caught us by surprise?
 Why is every facet of its operation cloaked in obscurity?
 How much is it influencing our foreign policy?
 Who has the power to check its invisible operations?

Central Intelligence and National Security

By HARRY HOWE RANSOM

Deals frankly with the non-secret, but seldom discussed aspects of our intelligence system — its structure, functions and failures. It is the only book that reveals the facts every citizen should know about a vitally important agency we dangerously take for granted.



\$4.75 at your bookstore

HARVARD University Press

What do we
know re
H. Howe Ransom?
M.H.

Wash. Post and Times Herald
 Wash. News
 Wash. Star
 N. Y. Herald Tribune 17
 N. Y. Journal-American
 N. Y. Mirror
 N. Y. Daily News
 N. Y. Times
 Daily Worker
 The Worker
 New Leader

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HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 7/14/98 BY SP2 ACM/WB

#368092 PM 06A

REG-4

62-80750-3235

NOV 28 1958

OCT 20 1958

57 DEC 1 1958

EX-133

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Mr. A. H. Belmont *AB*

DATE: 10/20/58

S.T. FROM : R. R. Roach *RR*SUBJECT: HARRY HOWE RANSOM *Ym sec*

Tolson	_____
Boardman	_____
Belmont	_____
Mohr	_____
Nease	_____
Parsons	_____
Rosen	_____
Tamm	_____
Trotter	_____
Clayton	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Holloman	_____
Gandy	_____
Sullivan	_____

C The October 20, 1958, issue of the "New York Herald Tribune" contained an announcement of a recently released book published by the Harvard University Press, entitled, "Central Intelligence and National Security" Concerning the author, Harry Howe Ransom, the Director has asked, "What do we know re H. Howe Ransom?"

A check of Bureau files, as well as the Bureau library disclosed no information identifiable with Ransom; however, Liaison Agent to Central Intelligence Agency has advised that he heard recently that Ransom was formerly with the Office of Strategic Services.

In a memorandum dated July 31, 1958, entitled "Central Intelligence and National Security," author, Harry Howe Ransom, it was reported that this book would soon be published, and it was recommended that the Bureau obtain a copy for review. This will be done and the review will be made by the Central Research Section.

ACTION:

For information. A memorandum will be prepared when the review has been completed.

Enclosure

- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Nease
- 1 - Mr. Papich
- 1 - Mr. Brennan
- 1 - Liaison Section
- 1 - Mr. Woods

WFW:jyl
(7) *WFW*

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#308692 per OGA

REC-4

CL - 133

NOV 28 1958

LIAISON

67 DEC 11 1958

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI

DATE: 11/20/58

FROM : SAC, LOS ANGELES (94-331)

SUBJECT: CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY (CIA)
INFORMATION CONCERNING

Mr. Tolson	/
Mr. Belmont	/
Mr. Mohr	/
Mr. Parsons	/
Mr. Rosen	/
Mr. Tamm	/
Mr. Trotter	/
Mr. Sullivan	/
Tele. Room	/
Mr. Holloman	/
Miss Gandy	/

For the Bureau's information there are being forwarded as enclosures to this letter three pages of photostats taken from pages 5, 6, and 7 of the November, 1958 issue of the "Frontier" Magazine (Vol. 10, No. 1), published monthly in Los Angeles, California.

These photostats contain an article titled "Brainwashed to the Brink: Are the people and their representatives told the truth about the activities of our world-wide intelligence agencies?" This article was written by one CHARLES EDMUNDSON, who is identified at the bottom of page 5 of the "Frontier" as an individual who was formerly with the United States Foreign Service for eight years until he resigned in 1957 because of disagreement with Secretary Dulles' policies in the Middle East and the Far East. The indices of the Los Angeles Office contain no information that can be identified with CHARLES EDMUNDSON. Information contained in instant article is derogatory with regard to both CIA and the United States Department of State.

The original November, 1958 issue of the "Frontier" Magazine was furnished by [redacted] to SA GILBERT G. BENJAMIN on 11/17/58, and will be maintained as an exhibit in Los Angeles file 100-47307B.

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HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 7/14/98 BY SP2A/MJS

- ② - Bureau (REGISTERED)
3 - Los Angeles (94-331)
(1 - [redacted])
(1 - 100-47307 ("Frontier" Magazine))

GGB:TAD
(5)

REC-23

62-80750 - 3238

3 DEC 2 1958

52 DEC 3 1958

3-ENCLOSURE

Edmundson has
previously contacted CIA
file 140-2720
no action necessary
12/5/58
EX-135

11/25/58
11/25/58

BRAINWASHED TO THE BRINK

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
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DATE 7/14/98 BY SP2 ALM/WB
#368692

Are the people and their representatives
told the truth about the activities of
our world-wide intelligence agencies?

HOW is it that an adult and intelligent nation like the United States can push itself and the world to the brink of war over the small island of Quemoy on the south coast of China? The episode was evidently irrational, or the State Department would not have retreated so fast under pressure of world opinion, including that of our principal allies. But how were we chivvied into such an indefensible position in the first place?

The immediate answer lies, of course, in the relentless activity of the Nationalist China lobby, lavishly financed out of U.S. economic aid funds. Operating behind a facade of Formosa-firsters such as Sen. William F. Knowland, Sen. William E. Jenner, the late Sen. Joseph McCarthy and Assistant Secretary of State Walter Robertson, the China lobby brainwashed the American people.

But the Nationalist Chinese did not do the job alone. Behind the China lobby has stood the supposedly super-secret and lushly financed Central Intelligence Agency, presided over by Allen Welsh Dulles, younger brother of the Secretary of State. Cooperating closely with the Old Guard in the State Department, the CIA has provided the China lobby with the raw material for misguiding the American people and browbeating the American press.

The manipulations of the CIA have been almost sacrosanct and they have been used to inflame public sentiment to a point where a rational approach to China policy was, until recently at least, politically impossible. Meanwhile, as we shall see, acts of agents provocateurs within Communist China have provoked resentment ag-

Charles Edmundson was with the United States Foreign Service for eight years—five of them in Asia—until he resigned in 1957 because of disagreement with Secretary Dulles' policies in the Middle East and the Far East.

gravating the difficulty of dealing with Mao Tse-tung. The result has been to replace diplomacy with adventurism.

The best example of this is the matter of American citizens imprisoned in China. The State Department has insisted that all Americans held prisoner in China are illegally held. They have all been represented as private citizens whose arrest is a violation of international convention and an affront to the dignity of the United States. This, of course, is not true. Some may have been held without cause, but certainly most have been espionage operatives whom China has as much right to imprison as the United States has to jail the Soviet master spy, Rudolph Ivanovich Abel.

Deceiving the American People

All well informed persons in Washington know this. The facts can be gathered from a careful reading and comparison of scattered items in, say, *The New York Times*. After being released, several prisoners publicly confessed that they were spies, and some still held have confessed to Americans in China. The Chinese of course know this. The United States Government knows it. Many American newspapermen know it. The only ones deceived are the American people. They believe what Secretary of State Dulles tells them, and their resentment has led them to accept whatever war-fraught Far Eastern policy Secretary Dulles and Assistant Secretary Robertson have seen fit to proclaim.

Two of the four Americans now held prisoner in China are Richard Fecteau and John T. Downey, captured when their plane was shot down over Manchuria in November, 1952. There are strong indications these men were members of the CIA for the following reasons:

1. The State Department had said that Downey and Fecteau's plane accidentally wandered over Manchuria

NOVEMBER 1958

1 cc Memphis 10/19/59 WTP/ann
by letter

ENCLOSURE

3238

5

while on a routine flight from Seoul to Tokyo. This was to impute a fantastic navigational error to a U. S. Air Force crew. The off-course flight was in an almost opposite direction to their destination, Tokyo.

2. Last summer a group of young Americans went on to China from a visit to Moscow, despite State Department opposition. Some of them interviewed Fecteau and reported in the American press his statement that he and Downey were CIA agents. This story was published in the *Washington Post*, among other newspapers, on Sept. 9, 1957.

3. The confession was hardly necessary in view of what already had been printed in the American press, including the announcement that their Air Force plane had wandered off course.

4. The more knowledgeable Washington correspondents did not believe that the U. S. Air Force crew had made such an incredible navigational error.

On Dec. 3, 1956, John M. Hightower of the Associated Press tried to pin down the facts at a press conference with President Eisenhower. At that time China held 13 Americans of whom, according to the President, 11 were captured in uniform.

Mr. Hightower: "Mr. President, is there anything you can say, sir, about the status of the other two men, in addition to the eleven who were in uniform?"

The President: "Well, it is cloudy, I think, and I couldn't discuss it in detail."

The State Department's exclusion of American correspondents from China, largely on the ground of the imprisonment of Americans there, was a hot issue in Washington at the time. The President's virtual concession that at least two of the prisoners were not illegally held was considered a moral victory for the press committee working to lift the ban on U.S. correspondents to China. There was no question that the President was talking about Fecteau and Downey, for the CIA has admitted that these are the two who were not in uniform.

The Fecteau and Downey episode was only one of a long series of operations which Allen Dulles supported in the illusion that cloak-and-dagger tricks could restore Chiang Kai-shek to the mainland. In the Dulles brothers' facile view, Chiang had lost China only because of the indecision of mush-minded liberals in the State Department under President Truman. Bold, purposeful action would set things right.

To this end the CIA and the Air Force jointly set up something called the Air Resupply and Communications Wing. Its "mission in a global war," The New York Times explained, "would be to fly into enemy territory and drop supplies to United States or Allied agents operating there." A number of ARCW operatives were captured in China, some on the ground and others when their planes were shot down or accidentally crashed.

"Things They Shouldn't Know"

Early in 1953 the plane of Col. John Knox Arnold, commanding officer of the 581st Air Resupply and Communications Wing, was shot down on the mainland. After two and a half years the Communist Chinese re-

leased Colonel Arnold and Americans who had survived the crash with him. At a press conference arranged in Tokyo, Colonel Arnold said that under pressure he had told the Chinese "things they shouldn't know." About this time, Congress forced abolishment of the Air Resupply and Communications Wing.

The Campaign in Burma

Almost from the end of the Chinese civil war, the CIA used Formosa as a base to support a large force of Nationalist Chinese left on the Burma-China border. This operation, known as "Western Enterprises," had a pretentious base on the outskirts of Taipei, so "secret" that every alert American and Chinese in the city knew about it. Military supplies were flown from Formosa to the Nationalist Chinese in Burma. So were military experts and advisers.

The Nationalist Chinese, despite American arms and supplies, preferred to stay just over the line in Burma rather than fight the Communist Chinese. After a year or two, the Communist Chinese executed a flint, drew the Nationalists deep within Chinese territory and routed them with drastic losses. Thereafter the Nationalists did most of their raiding against Burmese villages.

Prime Minister U Nu was sympathetic with Communist Chinese complaints that he was harboring hostile forces, but his own army was unable to cope with the Nationalists. He complained repeatedly to U.S. Ambassador David M. Key. Key protested in good faith that the Nationalists were *not* receiving American aid. After more representations from U Nu, who was in deadly fear of reprisals by the Chinese Communists, Ambassador Key was not so sure. Published photographs of white men killed in action with the Chinese Nationalists helped change his opinion. He has been quoted as saying, "I had heard persistent reports that the Americans were taking part (in the Nationalist Chinese action) when I was sent to Burma. I found that hard to credit, but learned differently later."

With a blunt note, U Nu cut off Point Four aid in Burma and stepped up his complaints to the UN, where he had the support of all the Bandung countries. With the fine irony that history sometimes shows, Gen. Walter Bedell Smith was switched in 1953 from Director of the CIA to Under Secretary of State. The man who had been responsible for organizing "Western Enterprises" had the urgent duty of persuading Chiang Kai-shek and the CIA to call a halt. In 1954 a four-power conference — the United States, Burma, Thailand and Nationalist China — was held in Bangkok. Soon afterwards, as the United Nations reported, 6986 Nationalist soldiers and their dependents were evacuated to Formosa.

American diplomatic prestige in Asia had been dealt a heavy blow. Scars were left which helped shape mainland China's role in the Korean War. In the entire State Department and Foreign Service it would be hard to find one mature officer who would approve of the way in which international relations in this instance were taken out of the hands of diplomats and placed in the hands of cloak-and-dagger novices.

The CIA made one of its worst errors in the fall of 1950. It then advised President Truman that United

Nations forces in Korea could push across the 38th parallel of latitude without the Chinese coming to North Korea's aid. Through Indian representatives in the United Nations, Mao Tse-tung's Government warned that if the UN armies crossed the 38th parallel, China would enter the war. On the basis of reports brought to him while he was traveling in Southeast Asia, Supreme Court Justice William O. Douglas personally gave President Truman the same warning. When in spite of this General MacArthur was allowed to push up to China's Yalu River boundary, the Chinese threw in 600,000 "volunteers." The upshot was a stalemate and truce humiliating to the U.S.

Official misrepresentation of our relations with China has intimidated the American press from informing the public of the true facts. The American Society of Newspaper Editors held its convention in Washington last April. I asked Herbert Brucker, editor of the *Hartford Courant* and chairman of the Freedom of Information Committee, if the sessions would deal with misinformation regarding American prisoners in China. He replied that he knew the facts but that the public mind was so set on China issues that newspapers could not afford to go into the matter.

One Method of Censorship

The China situation has throttled the press in another way. For nearly five years Secretary Dulles forbade American newspaper correspondents to go to China. A year ago he agreed to let a few American correspondents go. But by refusing to accept Chinese correspondents in return, he assured that this concession would bear no fruit. There is little ground for doubt that Mr. Dulles has opposed permission for U.S. correspondents in China partly because he did not want to risk exposure of CIA operations there. By keeping China news inadequately covered, he could better preserve tensions necessary for maneuvers at brinkmanship.

It is not to be supposed, of course, that the CIA has centered its activities exclusively on China. Special attention is given to China in this article because it is in the spotlight and because the West Coast has a special interest in Chinese affairs. There is space only to list a few major CIA episodes in other areas:

Item: President Sukarno of Indonesia charged that the United States aided the revolt against his regime last spring. This charge was supported by a story from Tillman Durdin in *The New York Times* and one by Jack Anderson, assistant to Drew Pearson, in *The Washington Post*.

Item: CIA agents have fought a duel of espionage and instigation with Russian agents in the Middle East for several years. The CIA lost a strategic round in Iraq in July — not to the Russians, but to the Arab Nationalists — when Prime Minister Nuri Said and King Faisal were overthrown and killed. The CIA wrongly advised that Iraqi troops could safely be sent to help protect the throne of King Hussein of Jordan.

Item: In June, 1954, the CIA helped arm and direct a rebel invasion from Honduras which overthrew the Communist-leaning but duly elected Government of

Guatemala. Because this coup could be related directly to the Monroe Doctrine, it was more widely publicized than other CIA maneuvers and had wider public support.

Item: CIA masterminded and directed the coup which overthrew Prime Minister Mossadeq of Iran in 1953



and enabled the Anglo-Iranian Oil Co., for which the Dulles brothers' former law firm was counsel, to collect approximately a billion dollars in indemnity for nationalization (For details see the *Saturday Evening Post*, Nov. 6, 1954, and Benjamin Shwadran, "The Middle East, Oil and the Great Powers").

Item: In the fall of 1953 the blood pressure of Congress shot up several points on reading a series of stories in *The New York Times* telling of the arrest of CIA agents in East Germany. *The Times* reported that several score of agents provocateurs were arrested, including Gustav Gehlen, who had been a Major General in the Nazi Army. The prisoners were seized with faked food stamps and counterfeit bank orders to disrupt East German food rationing and bank credit. Congress was specially disturbed by the capture of a list of names of West German anti-Nazis purportedly marked for slaying. Apparently the ex-Nazis meant to use their spy roles as cover for settling old scores.

When Half a Loaf Is No Good

The United States of course needs a good intelligence agency — one considerably better than it now has — but it needs to be brought under more responsible control. Over the past three years efforts have been made in Congress to obtain a CIA supervisory committee similar to the Congressional Joint Committee on Atomic Energy. Four bills to this end were introduced but died in the last Congress. They will be re-introduced when Congress meets again, and they will again be opposed by Allen and Foster Dulles and by the considerable clique in Congress which thinks it is better to keep the public only half informed on international affairs.

An old axiom proclaims that a democracy cannot propagandize or deceive its people. But the State Department, utilizing the raw material supplied by the CIA, has done this systematically for the past six years. It will continue to do so unless the people demand that Congress end the farce.

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Mr. A. H. Belmont

FROM : Mr. R. R. Roach

SUBJECT: CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY (CIA)
RETIREMENT PROGRAM

DATE: November 12, 1958

Tolson	
Boardman	
Belmont	
Mohr	
Nease	
Parsons	
Rosen	
Tamm	
Trotter	
Clayton	
Tele. Room	
Holloman	
Gandy	

Liaison previously has reported that CIA for some time has been endeavoring to come up with a special retirement program designed for CIA employees. At the present time, CIA personnel retire under the normal U. S. Government's retirement program.

On November 7, 1958, the Liaison Agent learned that CIA is now prepared to submit a plan which very likely will lead to the promotion of some proposed legislation during the forthcoming session of Congress. Under this plan, CIA personnel would be eligible for retirement at age 50 providing they had 20 years of service with the organization. Ten of these years must be spent overseas and 5 of those 10 years must be spent with CIA. Under this plan 5 years of foreign service with another agency would be acceptable.

Under the proposed plan, the benefits would apply to clerical as well as "intelligence officer" personnel. The plan is not quite finished status because of a controversy which arose over retirement benefits to personnel assigned at headquarters. Under the proposed program, as it stands today, officials at headquarters would not be given any more credit for retirement than under the present Government regulations. It will be necessary, unless the plan is changed, to serve 10 of the 20 years overseas. Certain CIA officials have been strongly opposed to this situation because they maintain that the men transferred to headquarters ostensibly for promotion are being penalized. The same people argue that under such a program CIA headquarters would have difficulty in encouraging personnel to accept headquarters assignments.

ACTION:

None. For your information.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 7/14/92 BY SP2 ALM/WB
#368692

SJP:bjt ljt
(5)

- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Mohr
- 1 - Liaison Section
- 1 - Mr. Papich

REC-9

62-80750-3240
Z DEC 1 1958

66 DEC 5 1958

EX. - 133

Plans like this
could endanger
our retirement
program

1 auto copy
12-3-58
100

371

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN 66-752

62-80750-3241
CHANGED TO
65-66944-4

SEP 26 1961

BW/SD

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 9/29/98 BY SP2 ALM/WO
PER OGA 7/29/98 7368692

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : MR. TROTTER *b.l.s.*

DATE: 11/6/58

FROM : E. S. Deiss *ES*SUBJECT:

Tolson	_____
Boardman	_____
Belmont	_____
Mohr	_____
Nease	_____
Parsons	_____
Rosen	_____
Tamm	_____
Trotter	_____
Clayton	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Holloman	_____
Gandy	_____

b3

W. C. Sullivan

can be readily obtained and furnished to the CIA.

b3

RECOMMENDATION:That be furnished to the CIA.ESD:emh
(3) *emh*

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 7/24/88 BY SP2ALM/WB
#348692 PER OGA

REC-37

12 DEC 3 1958

EX-102

CONFIDENTIAL 1958

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI

DATE: 12/15/58

FROM : *SFB* SAC, WFO (66-2868)SUBJECT: APPLICANT MATTERS,
RECORD CHECK AT CIAALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 7/15/88 BY SP2 ALM/WB
PRA 06A *368642*CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY*
Remylet dated 3/8/56 in the captioned matter.

The Washington Field Office has prepared another survey of our name checks at CIA as of December 11, 1958, and the results are as follows:

Total number of name checks outstanding, all categories - 154.

Total number of name checks outstanding, applicant matters, - 100.

Total number of name checks outstanding, non-applicant matters - 54.

Submission date of oldest applicant case - October 1, 1958.

Submission date of oldest non-applicant case - September 10, 1958.

An analysis of this matter of delinquencies and name checks at CIA at this time reflects that the over-all total of namechecks outstanding has been decreased in the past month by 31, the total number of name checks outstanding in applicant matters has been decreased in the past month by 5, and the number of name checks in non-applicant matters has been decreased by 26.

The total number of cases placed on the delinquency list for the past month has been decreased by 3.

As reported heretofore, the Washington Field Office is continuing to follow this matter with CIA.

Enclosed is one copy of the delinquency list submitted to CIA.

② - Bureau (Encl. 1)

1 - WFO

RHB:mb

(3)

ENCLOSURE

53 DEC 23 1958

25 DEC 16 1958

62-80750
ELISON

EX-124

2 - Orig & 1
1 - *Yellow
1 - Liaison Section
1 - Mr. Papich

SAC, Mobile ^{REC-45}
Director, FBI

December 23, 1958

62-80750-3250

b3

57
Reference is made to your letter dated December 8, 1958. The Bureau has been informed that [redacted] has never been employed or utilized by the Central Intelligence Agency (CIA) in any capacity. In the event [redacted] makes any inquiries of your office concerning [redacted] you should suggest to [redacted] that he contact CIA by writing to "Director, Central Intelligence Agency, 2430 E Street, Northwest, Washington, D. C."

SJP:bjt
(5)

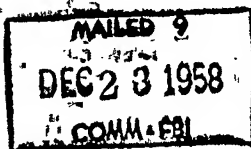
b3
b6
b7C

NOTE ON YELLOW:

By letter dated 12/8/58 Mobile advised that

[redacted]
[redacted] Two copies of letterhead memorandum dated December 8, 1958, concerning instant matter were given to [redacted] CIA, on December 12, 1958. On December 16, 1958, [redacted] advised that [redacted] has never been employed or utilized by CIA.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 7/15/98 BY SP2ALM/LMB
PROGA #368692



Tolson _____
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Mohr _____
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Tamm _____
Trotter _____
Clayton _____
Tele. Room _____
Holloman _____
Gandy _____

80 DEC 31 1958

MAIL ROOM

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI

DATE: 12/8/58

FROM : SAC, MOBILE (62-0)

SUBJECT:

b3

Attached hereto is original and 4 copies of letterhead memorandum relating to

On 12/3/58, an individual identifying himself as

telephonically informed me that

b3
b6
b7C

I confirmed the fact by return telephone call that was the person who actually inquired and informed him appropriate inquiries would be made and on this occasion went on to state that

It is recommended, unless the Bureau feels it inadvisable, that a representative of CIA contact directly.

2 - Bureau (Encls. 5)
1 - Mobile (62-0)
RBM:amd
(3)

b3
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b7C

200 10746000000 GIVEN
TO ON 12/12/58 ON
12/15/58 ADVISOR ADVISED
EMPLOYED ON AND BY CIA

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 7/15/98 BY SP2 ALM/08
P06A #361632

80750-3250



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Mobile, Alabama
December 8, 1958



b3

[Redacted box]

[Redacted box], inquired
confidentially concerning the possible official status of [Redacted box]

[Redacted box]

b3
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b7C

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 7/15/97 BY SP2 ALM/LJB
per OGA #368692

CLOSURE

62-80750-3250

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Mr. A. H. Belmont

DATE: December 19, 1958

FROM : Mr. R. R. Roach

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 7/15/98 BY SP2 ALM/NR

328692 per OGA

SUBJECT: COMMUNIST PARTY, U.S.A.
INTERNATIONAL RELATIONSTolson
Boardman
Belmont
Mohr
Nease
Parsons
Rosen
Tamm
Trotter
W.C. Sullivan
Tele. Room
Holloman
Gandy

By letter dated November 13, 1958, the Bureau disseminated to the Central Intelligence Agency (CIA) information developed by

[Redacted]

On December 16, 1958, [Redacted] CIA's [Redacted] advised Agent Papich that Dulles had given him Bureau letter dated November 13, 1958, to analyze and make comments and observations. [Redacted] advised that [Redacted]

[Redacted]

[Redacted] inquired if there would be any objection to his preparing some comments and observations concerning the report with the understanding that they would be made for internal use within CIA and for the Bureau. The Liaison Agent told [Redacted] that he could do so but he emphasized that the information was of a very sensitive nature and should be handled accordingly. [Redacted] understood this and stated that he was one of very few people within CIA who had access to the letter which had been disseminated by the Bureau.

ACTION:

NOT RECORDED

46 DEC 24 1958

The above is being made a matter of record, bearing in mind that [Redacted] comments could be of use to us at some time in the future when evaluating the reliability of the informant. It is also possible

SJP:djt (7) 52 DEC 29 1958

- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. W. C. Sullivan
- 1 - Mr. Thornton
- 1 - Mr. Baumgardner
- 1 - Liaison Section
- 1 - Mr. Papich

DEC 24 1958

LIAISON INT. SEC.

Under new policy being set up by Domestic and Int. Sec. would "fade" out of such operations.

ORIGINAL COPY FILED IN 100-3-6 85-04

Memorandum Mr. Roach to Mr. Belmont
RE: COMMUNIST PARTY, U. S. A.
INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS

that Dulles or other CIA officials would be more conservative in characterizing the value of the information. [redacted] comments are worthy of record, bearing in mind that/ [redacted]

grd
ms

Q

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✓

b3

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 7/15/98 BY SP2 ALM/WB
Pm OGA #368612

December 29, 1958

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. TOLSON
MR. BELMONT
MR. MOHR
MR. NEASE

On December 22, 1958, Congressman Clarence Cannon, Chairman of the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives, called to see me. The Congressman stated that he wanted to talk to me confidentially about a matter which had been giving him quite some concern, namely the Central Intelligence Agency (CIA).

The Congressman stated that the procedures followed by that agency in seeking appropriations was so ultra confidential with some aspects that he could not quite clearly comprehend. He stated that when representatives of CIA appeared before a very special and select subcommittee of his committee, all employees of the subcommittee are excluded and the room is checked carefully for any devices that might record the comments made. He stated that the CIA officials would not appear before his full committee but insisted upon a very small, select committee of five members of which he, Cannon, was Chairman.

He said that there had gradually grown up not only in the Appropriations Committee but on the floor of the House of Representatives itself, considerable unrest about the CIA and there was a growing demand for more information concerning it and the removal of Mr. Allen Dulles as head of the CIA. Congressman Cannon stated he had not as yet reached this conclusion for the reason that he knew very little about CIA notwithstanding the fact that he is on the Committee before which that agency appears for appropriations from the House.

Chairman Cannon asked me point-blank what I thought of CIA and whether it was efficient. I told the Chairman I could not answer this question because I knew very little about the inner workings of CIA and, furthermore,

Tolson _____
Belmont _____
Mohr _____
Nease _____
Gandy _____

JEH:EDM (8)

53 JAN 5 1959

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

REC-99

62-70750-3253

SENT FROM D. O.
TIME 7:45 PM
DATE 12-30-58
BY [signature]

15 JAN 2 1959

December 29, 1958

Memorandum for Messrs. Tolson, Belmont, Mohr, Nease

there had been legislation enacted which restricted the operations of CIA to areas abroad, leaving to the FBI the investigative operations within the United States in intelligence matters.

I then told the Chairman I thought it might be interesting for him to know the background out of which CIA grew. I outlined to the Chairman the orders of President Roosevelt directing this Bureau to assume responsibility for intelligence matters in the Western Hemisphere other than military and naval intelligence during the second World War. I pointed out this was done at the instance of the State Department and had not been solicited by the FBI.

I then outlined to Chairman Cannon the setup of the Office of Strategic Services (OSS), which was the predecessor of CIA and the difficulties which this Bureau had had with OSS, particularly with the efforts made by General William Donovan to enter the intelligence field in the Western Hemisphere and my opposition to it and some of the problems which arose within the United States brought about by the "growing pains" of OSS

I told Chairman Cannon I had opposed the latter and been sustained by President Roosevelt. I told Chairman Cannon

I told the Chairman

I then informed the Chairman of

b3

December 29, 1958

Memorandum for Messrs. Tolson, Belmont, Mohr, Nease

[Redacted]

b3

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

I told the Chairman the FBI had a few Agents assigned abroad and I named to him the places where they are assigned as liaison representatives and not as operational agents. I stated their function was merely to maintain contact with the federal or local law enforcement agencies in those countries for information which would be of assistance to this Bureau, primarily in the criminal field and secondarily to carry out any responsibilities this Bureau has in the internal security field. [Redacted]

b3

[Redacted]

The Chairman expressed his appreciation for the background information which I had given him and indicated he intended to look further into this problem.

Very truly yours,

(S) J. E. H.

John Edgar Hoover
Director

62-80750-3256
CHANGED TO

66-19078-X'8

OCT 14 1960

me / Byp

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 9/28/98 BY SP2 ALM/WB
PER OGA 9/28/98 #364692

C

Legal Attache, Paris

2-orig and up 1-yellow
1-Mr. Cleveland
1-Liaison December 31, 1958

REC-91

Director, FBI
62-80750-3257
RELATIONS WITH THE CENTRAL
INTELLIGENCE AGENCY (CIA)

102

Reurlet December 12 last regarding [redacted]

It is to be noted that in routine cases whenever the Bureau receives information that [redacted] the information is disseminated by the Bureau to the Department of State and CIA in order to fulfill the Bureau's dissemination responsibilities. A copy of the letter addressed to the State Department and CIA is designated for the appropriate foreign office. In the letter to State and CIA they are advised that no investigation is being requested but that we desire to be apprised of [redacted]

[redacted] This same statement appears on the copy going to the Legal Attache together with a notation [redacted] It is clear, therefore, that [redacted]

b3

1-Foreign Liaison Unit (detached)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 7/15/98 BY SP2ALM/WB
#368612

WVC:mad (6)

53 JAN 15 1959

LEGAT

2 JAN 2

COMM: FBI

MAIL ROOM ☐

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Tele. Room _____
Holloman _____
Gandy _____

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : MR. NEASE

DATE: JAN 9 1959

FROM : L. E. SEBORT

SUBJECT: CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY

Tolson ☒
Belmont ☒
Mohr ☒
Nease ☒
Parsons ☒
Rosen ☒
Tamm ☒
Trotter ☒
W.C. Sullivan ☒
Tele. Room ☒
Holloman ☒
Gandy ☒

Bulky Exhibit File Number: 62-80750-2693

We are in the process of reviewing all bulky exhibits in order that we may dispose of those which serve no further purpose. Inasmuch as many of the bulky exhibits pertain to inactive cases and are occupying badly needed space, it is requested that the appropriate substantive supervisor review the above-listed bulky exhibit and render a decision as to its retention or disposition. A notation as to the decision reached may be placed on this memorandum. The memorandum should be returned to the Filing Unit of the Records Branch, Room 1113, Identification Building, for filing in the case file.

RECOMMENDATION:

That captioned bulky exhibit be reviewed and a decision rendered as to the retention or disposition of the material.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 7/15/98 BY SP2 ALM/WB
#368692

Retain —
Esp - EHS

62-80750-
NOT RECORDED

4 JAN 14 1959

J. W. MARSHALL

Office Memorandum

2 • UNITED STATES

GOVERNMENT

TO : Mr. A. H. Belmont

DATE: January 12, 1959

FROM : Mr. R. R. Roach

SUBJECT: CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY (CIA)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 7/15/98 BY SP2 MUM/WB
#367692

Tolson	_____
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Parsons	_____
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W.C. Sullivan	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Holloman	_____
Gandy	_____

This is to advise that on January 9, 1959, Allen Dulles, Director, CIA, introduced Agent Papich to [redacted], who succeeded [redacted]

was cordial and friendly and indicated that he would like to talk to the Liaison Agent at some time in the near future. He apparently is interested in getting a firsthand picture of relations between the FBI and CIA.

b3

As previously reported by Liaison and approved by the Director, we will be circumspect in our dealings with [redacted]

Although this is strictly conjecture at this point, we may wish to bear in mind that [redacted] in the next two or three years could seriously be considered for the job of Director, CIA. This, of course, hinges on a good possibility that Allen Dulles will be removed in 1961. It should be noted that another good candidate would be [redacted] presently Dulles' number one man. [redacted] is a military representative and it is possible that Dulles has been grooming [redacted] in order to retain the civilian character in the job of Director, CIA.

b3

We do not have any reason to address mail to [redacted] therefore, there is no reason to make any changes in the current procedures for addressing mail to CIA.

ACTION:

b3

The Liaison Agent will be circumspect in his dealings with [redacted] and will report the results of the forthcoming meeting with him.

SJP:bjt
(4)

- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Liaison Section
- 1 - Mr. Papich

REC-13

62-80107-3259

JAN 14 1959

LIAISON

60 JAN 15 1959